



How are the PLDs used in Assessment?

Domain NYS Level 5 NYS Level 4 NYS Level 3 NYS Level 2 NYS Level 1

Domain	NYS Level 5	NYS Level 4	NYS Level 3	NYS Level 2	NYS Level 1
Arithmetic	Apply the remainder theorem to	Apply the remainder	Apply the remainder	Determine the	
with	determine the remainder on	theorem to determine	theorem to determine if	remainder of $P(x)$ by	
Polynomials	division by (bx a) and if	the remainder on	(x a) is a factor of	evaluating P(a).	
& Rational	(bx a) is a factor of $P(x)$.	division by (x a) and	P(x).		
Expressions		if (x a) is a factor of			
-		P(x).			
(A-APR)	Identify zeros of quadratic,	Identify zeros of	Identify zeros of	Identify zeros of	Identify the zeros of a
	cubic, and quartic polynomials	quadratic, cubic, and	quadratic, cubic, and	quadratic, cubic, and	polynomial function
	and polynomials for which	quartic polynomials	quartic polynomials	quartic polynomials.	given in factored form.
	factors are not provided, and use	and polynomials for	and use the factors to		
	the factors to graph the function	which factors are not	graph the function.		
	in context.	provided, and use the			
		factors to graph the			
		function.			
	Derive a polynomial identity	Prove that a polynomial	Prove that a polynomial	Provide justification for	Provide evidence that
	and use the identity to describe	equation is an identity	equation is an identity.	a step of a given	an equation is an
	numerical relationships in	and use the identity to		identity proof.	identity by substituting
	context.	describe numerical			numerical values for
		relationships.			the variables.

Domain	NYS Level 5	NYS Level 4	NYS Level 3	NYS Level 2	NYS Level 1
Reasoning	Predict, without solving, when	Solve radical and	Solve radical and	Solve a radical or a	Verify that a number is
with	a radical or rational equation	rational equations in	rational equations in	rational equation in one	a solution to a radical
Equations &	will have no real solutions and	one variable and	one variable.	variable.	or rational equation.
Inequalities (A-REI)	explain reasoning using mathematical evidence.	identify extraneous solutions.			

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Interpreting

Domain	NYS Level 5	NYS Level 4	NYS Level 3	NYS Level 2	NYS Level 1
Linear,	Construct and apply a linear				
Quadratic, &					
Exponential					
Models					
(F-LE)					
,					

 Domain
 NYS Level 5
 NYS Level 4
 NYS Level 3
 NYS Level 2
 NYS Level 1

 Trigonometric

 Functions

Domain	NYS Level 5	NYS Level 4	NYS Level 3	NYS Level 2	NYS Level 1
Interpreting Categorical & Quantitative Data (S-ID)	Generate and explain why scenarios may fit a normal distribution.	Interpret the mean and standard deviation of the normal distribution in the context of appropriate real-world scenarios.	Sketch a normal distribution model given the mean and standard deviation of a set of data.		
	Generalize how the normal distribution relates to the mean and standard deviation.	Use the normal distribution to estimate population percentages in real-world scenarios.			

Domain	NYS Level 5	NYS Level 4	NYS Level 3	NYS Level 2	NYS Level 1
Conditional	Construct and interpret a two-	Calculate conditional	Calculate	Calculate relative	
Probability &	way table given a verbal	probabilities given a	probabilities given a	frequencies given a	
the Rules of	description.	two-way table.	two-way table.	two-way table.	
Probability	Constant and in an I in terms of	E1-'	D-4		
(S-CP)	Create, explain and interpret two independent events using concepts of conditional probability in verbal descriptions or two-way tables.	Explain why two events are independent using concepts of conditional probability in verbal descriptions or two-way tables.	Determine if two events are independent using concepts of conditional probability in verbal descriptions or two-way tables.		
		Calculate the conditional probability of A given B as the outcomes that also belong to A and interpret the answer in terms of the model.	Calculate the conditional probability of A given B given P(A and B) and P(B).	Identify P(A), P(A and B), and P(B).	
	Choose and apply appropriate subsets of a sample space in order to compute probabilities of events and interpret the results in the given context.	Apply subsets of a sample space in order to compute probabilities of events and interpret the results in the given context.	Apply subsets of a sample space in order to compute probabilities of events in the given context.	Identify subsets of a sample space.	List the sample space of a probability experiment.